118 E Fourth Street - PO Box 290 - Stonington, IL 62567 - (217)325-3621

Chapter 7. Water

Chapter 8. Gas

Chapter 10. Utilities

\*\*\*\*\*\*Application for Service Connection\*\*\*\*\*\*

A.	Name of person requesting water/gas service (legal name)
	Address:
	Phone number:
	Date of birth:
	Copy of Driver's License: Yes No
	E-mail address:
В.	Applicant is (if buying on contract, please check renter): Renter (fill out a) Owner (fill out b)
	a. Renter: Name, Address, Phone of home owner:
	b. Owner will be/is living at the address for which service is requested: Yes No
C.	Deposit (to be filled out by Village employee)
	a. \$50 water service deposit paid: YesNo
	b. \$100 gas service deposit paid: Yes No  Payment type: Check Cash Credit Card Debit Card Money Order Other
	Payment type: Check Cash Credit Card Debit Card Money Order Other
D.	Applicant has read and is familiar with the appropriate Articles and Regulations of the Village Code and agrees to abide by and accept all such Provisions of said Code relating to water and/or gas service
	Datas
igned	: Date:

P. O. Box 290 - Stonington, Illinois 62567 - (217) 325-3621

Bruce Dowdy, President of the Board of Trustees Jill Gilpin, Village Clerk Debbie Niles, Treasurer Jake Heberling, General Superintendent Trustees
Andrew Callan
Anthony Rusher
Tammy Wilson
Tara Ramsey
Jeff Graham
Caleb Grover

VILLAGE POLICE CHIEF – TRAVIS PEDEN	217-325-4221
ZONING OFFICER – JOHN LEVAULT	217-823-1856
TRASH SERVICE – CLEETON SANITATION	217-237-2112
TRASH SERVICE – CAREY'S DISPOSAL	217-623-5693
TRASH SERVICE – GFL ENVIRONMENTAL	309-688-0760
CABLE/INTERNET – CTI	217-824-6398
CABLE/INTERNET – CONSOLIDATED	800-553-9981
CABLE – NEWWAVE	866-460-9283
ELECTRIC SERVICE – SHELBY ELECTRIC	800-677-2612
DOG CATCHER – VILLAGE HALL	217-325-3621

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Dear Resident,

The Village of Stonington has recently adopted a new policy regarding late payments of utility bills. Residents will receive their utility bill on or around the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month, and payments are due no later than the 17<sup>th</sup> of each month. If your account has not been paid by the 17<sup>th</sup> of the month. A 10% penalty will be added to your account balance, and a disconnection notice will be mailed out. You will receive no further notice or reminder of this past due amount.

On or around the 28<sup>th</sup> of each month, we will commence disconnection of utilities for account that have not been paid. If utilities are disconnected, there will be a \$25 disconnect fee and a \$25 reconnect fee per utility added to your account. The past due balance must be paid, as well as the \$25 disconnect fee, before utilities can be reconnected. The \$25 reconnect fee will be added to your next bill.

<u>Utilities will not be reconnected outside of regular office hours 7:30</u> a.m.-4:30 p.m., <u>Monday through Friday.</u>

Sincerely,

President and Board of Trustees Village of Stonington

#### VILLAGE OF STONINGTON P.O. Box 290 Stonington, IL 62567

217-325-3621

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO OUR CUSTOMERS

Federal Regulation #192.16 requires that we notify you to exercise diligence regarding underground or buried gas piping. Buried pipe may be subject to leakage and/or corrosion (corrosion may occur on metallic pipe) and could potentially be subject to hazards if not maintained.

Remember that any and all gas pipe downstream (house side) of the gas meter belongs to you, the gas consumer, and the gas consumer is responsible for maintenance and operation of this portion of the fuel line system. We do not own the gas line beyond the meter; therefore, we do not routinely maintain or locate fuel lines there. Commercial plumbers and/or heating contractors may be contacted if and when gas fuel lines need attention.

#### Buried gas piping should be .....

- Periodically inspected for leaks
- Periodically inspected for corrosion if the piping is metallic
- Repaired if any unsafe condition is discovered, or the flow of gas should be shut off; and
- When excavation is performed or is about to be performed near the buried gas piping, the piping should be located and marked in advance, and any excavating performed near the pipe should be done by hand. Should you plan to dig around buried gas piping, you should call JULIE two days in advance of digging in order that all utility-owned buried pipe and cable may be located. The number to call is 811 or 1-800-892-0123. This is a free service.

#### YOU MAY DISREGARD THIS NOTICE IF YOU DO NOT HAVE BURIED PIPING BEYOND THE GAS METER.

If we can answer any questions regarding this notice, please give us a call at 325-3621.

Village of Stonington

118 E. Fourth Street - P. O. Box 290 - Stonington, Illinois 62567 - (217) 325-3621

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Dear customer,

The Pipeline and Hazardous materials Safety Administrations has issued a new regulation that requires the Village of Stonington to offer an Excess Flow Valve (EFV) to its customers. An Excess Flow Valve (EFV) is an extra safety device that can be installed in a service line providing natural gas to the meter. The main purpose of an EFV is to reduce the risk of a release of natural gas caused by excavation damage to the service line between the point of connection to the main and the meter. An excess flow valve will not prevent or stop leaks that might occur downstream of the meter. Not every service can accommodate an EFV.

The installation of an EFV is not a requirement for existing natural gas service lines, however, at the request of a Village of Stonington customer one may be installed. The installation of an EFV would take one day and would require the excavation of the service line, the cost you must pay is \$850.00. This includes all labor, equipment and materials but does not include restoration of grounds disturbed by excavation. It is not likely, but it is possible that future maintenance or replacement of the EFV might be necessary and could result in additional charges.

If you would like to have EFV installed or have any questions, please call our main office at: 217-325-3621.

Sincerely,

Gas Department Village of Stonington

## ! WARNING!

### NATURAL GAS ODORANT WARNING INFORMATION

CAUTION: ABSENCE OF ODOR MUST NOT BE TAKEN TO MEAN THE ABSENCE OF NATURAL GAS, NOR SHOULD A JUDGMENT OF THE CONCENTRATION OF NATURAL GAS BE MADE BY THE INTENSITY OF THE ODOR

Natural gas odorants are highly odorous suifur-containing hydrocarbons that are added to the natural gas stream to provide a warning of a gas leak.

No one odorant or no one rate of odorization will be 100% effective in warning of the presence of natural gas. Basic knowledge of the properties and characteristics of natural gas and odorants used for natural gas can be extremely helpful for those involved in the gas odorization process.

Loss or diminished odor intensity can be caused by chemical reactions including oxidation; adsorption and/or absorption; and masking by other components in pipes and distribution systems carrying odorized natural gas.

Chemical Oxidation: Contact with rust or other oxidation agents can, under certain conditions, cause the odorant to convert to its corresponding disulfide that has a weaker odor than the original odorant.

Adsorption: The odorant can adhere to the surfaces of solid structures or liquids with which it is in contact thus reducing the amount of odorant remaining in the gas system.

Absorption: The odorant can dissolve into liquids with which it is in contact thus reducing the amount of odorant remaining in the gas stream.

In an underground leak of odorized natural gas, the odorant may be adsorbed by the soil while the natural gas is not as greatly adsorbed and, therefore, there is a possibility that in

the event of a natural gas leak a reduced amount of odorant or no odorant will remain in the leaked natural gas.

Some tests indicate that masonry surfaces can adsorb LP-Gas odorant in greater concentrations than LP-Gas. These tests indicate the same could be true for natural gas. I f masonry surfaces adsorb odorant in such a manner, then other surfaces — such as cloth in draperies and furniture and the relatively porous surfaces of wood — might also adsorb and/or absorb odorant in greater concentrations than natural gas.

Extremely cold weather can affect the amount of odorant in natural gas and, thus, may reduce odorant effectiveness.

The physical condition and state of mind of an individual as well as the surroundings and the individual's attentiveness can have an effect upon the ability to detect odors, including, but not limited to, natural gas odorants (i.e., natural gas odorants and of an individual sulfur compound).

- Some people have no sense of smell and can detect no odors.
- Some people have an impaired sense of smell that results in reduced sensitivity to all odors or, alternatively, results in no sense for only certain odors (i.e., natural gas odorants and other sulfur compounds).
- Common colds, allergies, and smoking can also decrease and individual's ability to smell.
- Other odorants in the areas, such as a musty basement, may mask or cover the natural gas odor.
- In some cases, the natural gas odor is not detected simply because people are concentrating on something else and their minds are distracted from detecting the odor.
- Olfactory adaptation to the odorant can occur if an individual does not quickly and immediately respond to the presence of the natural gas odorant.
- Sleeping persons may not be awakened by, and therefore may not detect the odor of escaped odorized natural gas

Since loss of the distinctive odor of odorized natural gas can occur under some conditions, periodic testing by all persons handling natural gas, before sale to the ultimate customer, is advisable to determine that the rate of odorization is adequate to comply with all regulatory requirements and safety considerations.

#### Village of Stonington, Illinois

Phone: 325-3621

#### **SAFETY MESSAGE:**

- > SNOW AND ICE CAN DAMAGE GAS METERS AND PIPES.
- > USE A BROOM TO KEEP GAS

  SERVICE EQUIPMENT CLEAR

  DURING THE WINTER.
- ➤ CHIMNEYS AND VENTS FOR GAS

  APPLIANCES MUST BE CLEARED

  FOLLOWING A MAJOR SNOW OR ICE

  STORM TO ENABLE PROPER

  VENTING AND PREVENT CARBON

  MONOXIDE ACCUMULATION
- ➤ IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS

  PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.

#### Village of Stonington, Illinois

Phone: 325-3621

#### SAFETY MESSAGE:

- ➤ MAKE SURE YOUR WATER HEATER
  IS SET TO A SAFE TEMPERATURE.
- > CONSULT MANUFACTURER'S

  LITERATURE TO DETERMINE

  PROPER TEMPERATURE SETTING.
- ➤ CHECK THE WATER TEMPERATURE

  BEFORE PLACING A CHILD INTO A

  BATH.

#### Village of Stonington, Illinois

Phone: 325-3621

#### YOUR SAFETY IS OUR CONCERN:

- ➤ SINCE NATURAL GAS IS ODORLESS, WE HAVE ADDED A

  DISTINCTIVE ODOR TO HELP YOU DETECT EVEN THE SMALLEST

  AMOUNT OF ESCAPED GAS.
- > MAKE SURE THAT EVERYONE IN YOUR HOME IS ABLE TO RECOGNIZE THE ODOR ASSOCIATED WITH NATURAL GAS.
- > IF YOU EVER SMELL THE NATURAL GAS ODOR IT COULD INDICATE A LEAK.
- > DO NOT LIGHT A MATCH, DO NOT TURN ON AN ELECTRICAL SWITCH OR FLASHLIGHT, DO NOT USE A TELEPHONE AN ELECTRICAL ARC MAY IGNITE THE GAS CAUSING AN EXPLOSION.
- > EVACUATE THE PREMISES IMMEDIATELY!
- > GO TO THE NEAREST TELEPHONE AND CALL US AT 217-???-????.
- > LEAVE THE DOORS OPEN TO VENTILATE THE PREMISES WHEN YOU LEAVE.
- > PLEASE USE THIS INFORMATION TO STAY SAFE AND IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.

# Village of Stonington, Illinois Phone: 325-3621

#### **NATURAL GAS IS NOT POISONOUS:**

- > BUT IT CAN LEAD TO SUFFOCATION BY REPLACING THE

  BREATHABLE AIR— HAVE ALL SUSPECTED GAS LEAKS CHECKED

  OUT PROMPTLY.
- > NATURAL GAS DOES NOT CONTAIN CARBON MONOXIDE BUT IT CAN BE A BY-PRODUCT OF AN INEFFICIENT OR IMPROPERLY WORKING GAS FIRED APPLIANCE
- > MAKE SURE YOUR EQUIPMENT IS IN GOOD WORKING ORDER AND PROPERLY VENTED.
- > CHECK FLUES AND CHIMNEYS TO BE SURE THEY ARE CLEAN AND CLEAR OF DEBRIS.
- > NATURAL GAS IS DEPENDABLE AND SAFE WHEN USED PROPERLY.
- > NATURAL GAS HAS A GREAT SAFETY RECORD. WE HOPE YOU USE THIS INFORMATION TO KEEP IT THAT WAY.
- > MAKE SURE APPLIANCES ARE PROPERLY VENTED.
- > KEEP THE AREA AROUND GAS FIRED APPLIANCES CLEAR OF COMBUSTIBLES.
- > MAKE SURE GAS FIRED EQUIPMENT IS INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL

#### Village of Stonington, Illinois

Phone: 325-3621

#### SAFETY MESSAGE:

- ➤ GAS SPACE HEATERS ARE A SAFE WAY

  TO HEAT AN AREA IF THEY ARE USED

  AND MAINTAINED PROPERLY.
- ➤ ALWAYS HAVE YOUR GAS HEATER AND VENTING SYSTEM PROFESSIONALLY INSTALLED AND INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE.
- ➤ DO NOT RE-INSTALL USED GAS HEATERS.
- ➤ KEEP GASOLINE, FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS AWAY FROM APPLIANCES AND OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.
- > IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS PLEASE
  GIVE US A CALL.

# STONINGTS SION SIONITINE SIONITINE

FEDERAL REGULATION 192.16 REQUIRES THAT WE INFORM OUR CUSTOMERS TO EXERCISE CAUTION REGARDING UNDERGROUND OR BURIED GAS PIPING. THIS PIPING MAY REMEMBER THAT ANY PIPING DOWNSREAM OF THE GAS REMEMBER THAT ANY PIPING DOWNSREAM OF THE GAS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERTATION OF THE RULE LINE.

2. INSPECTED FOR LEAKS PERIODICALLY.

2. INSPECTED FOR LEAKS PERIODICALLY.

3. REPAIRED IF UNSAFE CONDITION IS FOUND.

PERFORMED NEAR GAS LINE.

4. LOCATED AND MARKED IF EXCAVATION IS

THIS IS A NOTICE ONLY, IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS PLEASE CONTACT THE GAS DEPARTMENT.

VILLAGE OF STONINGTON, ILLINOIS

#### VILLAGE OF STONINGTON

#### EFV CUSTOMER INFORMATION COMMUNICATION

#### FOR NEW/REPLACEMENT CUSTOMERS

Our natural gas system is required to comply with all Pipeline Safety Regulations as set forth in 49 U.S.C. 5103,60112,60104,60110, and 60118; 49 CFR 1.53, Part 192.

When a service line serving only one residential customer is installed or replaced, Section 192.383 requires the District offer the customer the option of having an EXCESS FLOW VALVE on that service line. Upon request, our system will install an EXCESS FLOW VALVE meeting the performance standards set forth in Section 192.381.

What is an EXCESS FLOW VALVE? An excess flow valve is a device designed to restrict gas flow in a customer's natural gas service line by automatically closing in the event that a service line is broken, completely cut, torn apart or otherwise separated, usually caused by some type of excavation or digging. A natural gas service line is the piping from the gas main in the street to the customer meter set and runs underground through the customer's yard. Restricting gas flow after a gas service line is damaged may decrease the potential for property damage and/or injury.

Should you desire an EXCESS FLOW VALVE be installed on a new or replaced service line, YOU, THE CUSTOMER, must bear all costs associated with the installation, maintenance, and any future replacement or removal of the VALVE.

The cost of installation shall be the actual cost of the valve and labor, usually ranging from \$100 - \$300. Any maintenance and/or replacement cost would be billed at the time this work is done.

Should you desire an installation, you will be contacted to arrange a mutually agreeable date for your service line

installation. Different conditions may dictate varia	ations.					
YES – I DESIRE AN EXCESS FLOW VALVE INSTALLATION ON MY NATURAL GAS SERVICE						
Name:	Date:					
$\hfill \square$ NO – I DECLINE THE OFFER TO INSTALL AN EXCESS FLOW VALVE ON MY NATURAL GAS SERVICE LINE.						
Name:	Date:					
Address:						

Payment* of \$	□IS	☐ IS NOT	included with this request form.					
Signed:			Date:					
* Please include payment of quoted price if an existing service								
For Gas Company Use Only:								
Account #:								
Installed Date:								
Installed By:								

# SAFETY WARNING

THE RESERVE ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE P

or from brass that has been coated with plastic. Most older connectors, gated metal tubing-newer models being fabricated from stainless steel Flexible gas connectors are used to bring gas from supply pipes to applihowever, were made from uncoated brass. ances such as stoves, dryers, and room heaters. They are made of corru-

serious gas leak. This could lead to an explosion or fire. tubing to the new pieces. Over time, the brazing can fail causing a they were made. Solder was used to braze, or join, the flexible brass Some of the uncoated brass connectors have a serious flaw in the way

less-steel or a new plastic-coated brass connector. nector in your home, it should be replaced with either a new stainbrazed so don't take a chance. If you have an uncoated brass con-It is very difficult to see whether a flexible connector has been

or without moving the appliance attached to it. If you cannot make this appliance must be moved, it's best to have a professional on hand to do could strain the connector, possibly causing a gas leak. So, if your service contractor inspect the connector for you. Moving the appliance check without moving the appliance, we recommend that you have a ing, bending or from corrosion. If you can, check your flexible connectmeant to last a lifetime. Older units can wear out from too much movis more than 10 years old. This is because flexible connectors are not In fact, it's a good practice to replace any flexible gas connector which

National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard Z21.24. If a replacement is needed, make sure the new connector is certified by the American Gas Association (AGA) and conforms to the American

3621, After Hours-217-325-3621. other source—call us immediately at 217-325your home-from a flexible connector or from any Remember, if you think you have a gas leak in

neighbor's phone. Take care not to operate appliances or turn light switches on or off. If the odor of gas is strong, leave immediately and make the call from a

> AFTER HRS:217-325-3621 OR 911 717-325-3621 STONINGTON, IL 62567 118 E. 4TH ST. VILLAGE OF STONINGTON

VILLAGE OF STONINGTON STONINGTON, IL 62567 118 E 4TH ST. 217-325-3621

# AMERICA'S PIPELINE NET-WORK

in the United States. Pipelines are the safest method cent of all the energy used in the United States. of transportation. Natural gas provides about 24 per There are over 2 million miles of natural gas pipelines

coating and or PE plastic pipe buried underground. diagnostic tools and cathodic protection. Village of Pipelines are made of steel, covered with protective fire departments in the event of an emergency. Stonington personnel will work with local police and They are tested and maintained through the use of

provide you with information to help you avoid potentially dangerous activity near the gas lines in your Our hope is to continue to be a good neighbor and

# **Further Information:**

mation please call the Village of Stonington at 217-If you have any questions or would like more infor-

Permit No.

U.S. POSTAGE PAID FIRST CLASS MAIL

#### NATURAL GAS SAFETY

#### Carbon Monoxide Awareness:

Carbon monoxide can be a by-product of an inefficient or improperly working gas fired appliance. Carbon monoxide is a colorless, odorless, poisonous gas that kills more than 200 people in the U.S. every year. Make sure your equipment is in good working order and properly vented. Check flues and chimneys to be sure they are clean and clear of debris.

Common symptoms include: Dizziness; Shortness of breath; Headaches; Confusion; Nausea; Fainting.

Natural gas is dependable and safe when used properly. If you suspect a carbon monoxide problem in your home call the Village of Stonington at 217-325-3621, after hours—217-325-3621 or 911, or the local Fire Department.

#### **RECOGNIZE A LEAK**

Natural gas is lighter than air and will rise. Other heavier-than -air gases will stay near the ground and collect in low spots. Leaking natural gas is potentially dangerous. Although it is non-toxic it can displace the oxygen you breath causing suffocation.

#### You can recognize a leak:

- By Smell: A natural gas leak is indicated by the strong odor of the chemical mercaptan, which is added to natural gas.
- By Sight: a dense white cloud over a pipeline, or discolored vegetation surrounding the gas line may be signs of a leak. Also blowing dirt, dust or bubbles in standing water.
- By Sound: an unusual noise coming from the natural gas line, like a hissing or roaring sound, may be a sign of a leak.

#### What to do if I recognize a leak...

- Leave the leak area immediately
- If the leak is at your home, leave the door open as you leave.
- Go to a safe location and call the Village of Stonington at 217-325-3621, after hours-217-325-3621 or 911, giving your name and location of the leak.

#### What NOT to do if I recognize a leak...

- DO NOT light a match, turn on or off light switches, turn on a flashlight or anything that may create a spark.
- DO NOT use the telephone, cell phone, television or radio.
- DO NOT use an automatic garage door.
- DO NOT turn on gas range or other gas appliance.

#### **METER SAFETY**

Each natural gas service is equipped with a meter(s) which serves the customer. If a gas line is accidentally broken and a leak is obvious-shut off any equipment or open flames in the area which might ignite the gas-evacuate the area and report the leak immediately to the Village of Stonington at 217-325-3621, after hours-217-325-3621 or 911...

In an emergency the gas to any house can be shut off at the meter.

Gas meters should be kept free from obstructions, such as trees and shrubs, to provide access to the meter for maintenance as well as in the event of an emergency.

#### **CALL BEFORE YOU DIG**

Before you dig or excavate, you must contact the J.U.L.I.E.—
"One-Call" system at 1-800-892-0123 or dial 811. You are
required by state law to notify J.U.L.I.E. not less than 2 working
days before digging, excavation or demolition activity begins
whether landscaping, building fences or a major construction
project. The member utility companies will send a representative
to mark their underground lines at your site. The call is free
and so is the service.

Calling before you dig, either by hand or with machinery, could prevent possible accidents, injuries or death. Remember IT'S THE LAW!

Call 1-800-892-0123 or dial 811.

#### Can I build or dig on a right-of-way?

Natural gas pipeline rights-of-way must be kept free from structures and other obstructions to provide access to the gas line for maintenance, as well as in the event of an emergency. Do not dig or build near the gas line without first contacting Village of Stonington.

What to do if you dig & disturb or damage a natural gas line:

Even if you cause what appears to be only minor damage to the gas line, notify Village of Stonington at 217-325-3621, after hours—217-325-3621 or 911, immediately. A gouge, scrape, dent, or crease to the pipe or coating may cause a future rupture or leak. It is important that Village of Stonington inspects and repairs any damage to the line. Regardless of how minor the damage appears don't cover it up!!

Do not attempt to make repairs to the line yourself.

#### AFTER HOURS EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER DIAL 217-325-3621 or 911

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO OUR CUSTOMERS

Federal Regulation #192.16 requires that we notify you to exercise diligence regarding underground or buried gas piping.

Buried pipe may be subject to leakage and / or corrosion (corrosion may occur on metallic pipe) and could potentially be subject to hazards if not maintained.

Remember that any and all gas pipe downstream (house side) of the gas meter belongs to you, the gas consumer, and the gas consumer is responsible for maintenance and operation of this portion of the fuel line system. We do not own the gas line beyond the meter; therefore, we do not routinely maintain or locate fuel lines. Commercial plumbers and / or heating contractors may be contacted if and when gas fuel lines need attention.

Buried gas piping should be

- Periodically inspected for leaks.
- Periodically inspected for corrosion if the piping is metallic.
- Repaired if any unsafe condition is discovered; or the flow of gas should be shut off.

When excavation is performed or is about to be performed near the buried gas piping, the piping should be located and marked in advance, and any excavating performed near the pipe should be done by hand.